

ENDING OVERDOSE

A photograph of two young women with long hair, smiling and posing together. The woman on the left is wearing a dark grey top with lace trim, and the woman on the right is wearing a brown zip-up hoodie. The background is a plain, light-colored wall. The image is framed by a white border with pink brushstroke accents on the left and right sides.

**FOR
OUR
LIVES**

**We are acting now
to prevent overdose
from fentanyl.**

Learn how to help.

Fentanyl is a potent and highly addictive opioid.

This drug is causing overdose deaths in our families, tribes, and communities. **Many of us are taking steps to protect ourselves and others.**

HERE'S WHAT YOU CAN DO



Carry naloxone, also called Narcan, or keep it at home. Naloxone is a medication that comes in a small device. Anyone can learn the signs of overdose and use naloxone to stop it.



Talk with family and friends about the unpredictable drug supply. You can't taste, smell, or see fentanyl, and it's commonly mixed with other drugs. A tiny amount can cause a fatal overdose.



Use treatment and recovery programs that combine medication and healing practices. If you or someone you care about is ready for treatment, look for a program that blends clinical and Indigenous healing in a community-based setting.



ForNativeLives.org

Learn more about what people like Clara and Tori Denison (pictured on the front) are doing to prevent fentanyl overdose.